

92B0 Riparian formations on intermittent Mediterranean water courses with Rh

1. National level

Biogeographical regions and/or marine regions concerned within the Member State: **MED**



map-distribution

2. Biogeographical or marine level

2.1 Biogeographical region or marine region: **MEDITERRANEAN**

2.2 Published sources and/or websites:

Martín, J.; Cirujano, S.; Moreno, M.; Bautista, J.; Stübing, G. La vegetación protegida en Castilla-La Mancha. Descripción, ecología y conservación de los hábitat de protección especial. Dirección General del Medio Natural. Consejería de Agricultura y Medio Ambiente. Junta de Comunidades de Castilla-La Mancha. 2003.

Bartolomé, C.; Álvarez, J.; Vaquero, J.; Costa, M.; Casermeiro, M.A.; Giraldo J.; Zamora, J.; Los tipos de hábitat de interés comunitario de España. Guía Básica. Dirección General para la Biodiversidad, Ministerio de Medio Ambiente. 2005.

Ministerio de Medio Ambiente. Atlas y manual de los hábitat de España. Dirección General de Conservación de la Naturaleza, Ministerio de Medio Ambiente.

2.3 Range of the habitat type in the biogeographical region or marine region

2.3.1 Surface area of range in km2:	227018
2.3.2 Date of range determination:	1997
2.3.3 Quality of data concerning range:	Moderate e.g. based on partial data with some extrapolation
2.3.4 Range trend:	Unknown (X)
2.3.5 Range trend magnitude in km2 (optional):	
2.3.6 Range trend period:	
2.3.7 Reasons for reported trend:	Climate change Direct human influence (restoration, deterioration, destruction) Indirect anthropo(zoo)genic influence Natural processes

and/or specify

2.4 Area covered by habitat type in the biogeographical region or marine region

2.4.1 Surface area of the habitat type (km2): 4,81

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2.4.2 Date of area estimation:	1997
2.4.3 Method used for area estimation:	Based on expert opinion Ground based survey (based on field mapping, possibly using stratified random sa
2.4.4 Quality of data on area:	Moderate e.g. based on partial data with some extrapolation
2.4.5 Area trend:	
2.4.6 Area trend magnitude (km2):	0
2.4.7 Area trend period:	
2.4.8 Reasons for reported trend:	Climate change Direct human influence (restoration, deterioration, destruction) Indirect anthropo(zoo)genic influence Natural processes

and/or specify:

2.4.9 Justification of % thresholds for trends (optional):

2.4.10 Main pressures:	161 - forest planting 180 - Burning 290 - Hunting, fishing or collecting activities not referred to above 850 - Modification of hydrographic functioning, general 990 - Other natural processes
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2.4.11 Threats	161 - forest planting 180 - Burning 290 - Hunting, fishing or collecting activities not referred to above 850 - Modification of hydrographic functioning, general 990 - Other natural processes
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2.5 Complementary information

2.5.1 Favourable reference range (km2):	0
2.5.2 Favourable reference area (km2):	0
2.5.3 Typical Species:	<i>Arbutus unedo</i> , <i>Betula alba</i> , <i>Betula pendula ssp fontqueri</i> , <i>Blechnum spicant</i> , <i>Brachypodium sylvaticum</i> , <i>Corylus avellana</i> , <i>Dryopteris affinis</i> , <i>Frangula alnus</i> , <i>Fraxinus angustifolia</i> , <i>Ilex aquifolium</i> , <i>Malus sylvestris</i> , <i>Myrica gale</i> , <i>Populus tremula</i> , <i>Prunus padus</i> , <i>Quercus faginea</i> , <i>Rubus lainzii</i> , <i>Salix atrocinerea</i> , <i>Salix capraea</i> , <i>Sambucus nigra</i> , <i>Sorbus aucuparia</i>
2.5.4 Typical species assessment:	
2.5.5 Other relevant information (optional):	

Conclusion	Biogeographical or marine level	Conclusions within Natura 2000 sites (optional)
Conclusions: (2.3) Range:	Unknown (XX)	
Conclusions: (2.4) Area:	Unknown (XX)	
Conclusions: (2.5) Structure and function, including typical species:	Unknown (XX)	
Conclusions: Future prospects:	Unknown (XX)	
Conclusions: Overall assessment:	Unknown (XX)	