



Global glacier mass losses. A view from Space

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*Mt Erebus, Antarctica
SPOT5-HRS*

Lower Mer de Glace 1890 Æ 2013 - 2021



Melaine Le Roy @subfossilguy



Ossoue Glacier in 1911 & 2012



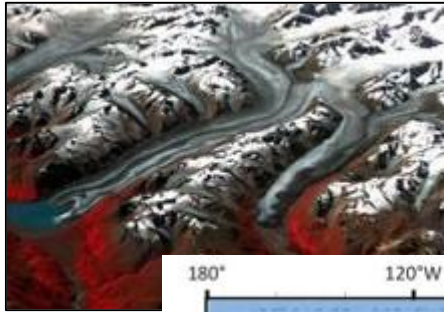
P. René, La Météorologie, 2014

An aerial photograph of a vast, textured glacier landscape. The ice surface is marked with numerous crevasses and ridges, creating a complex, undulating terrain. The overall color palette is in shades of white, grey, and light blue. A white rectangular box with a thin black border is overlaid on the lower-left portion of the image, containing the text of the outline.

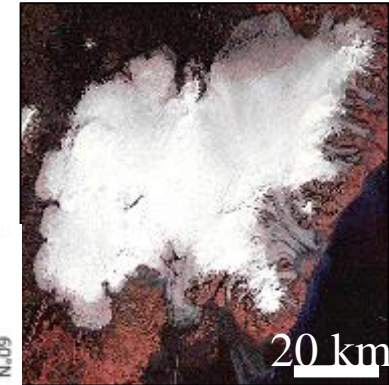
Outline

- I. Glaciers: who and where are they?**
- II. Measuring glaciers from Space
- III. Glaciers, climate sentinels
- IV. Consequences of glacier change

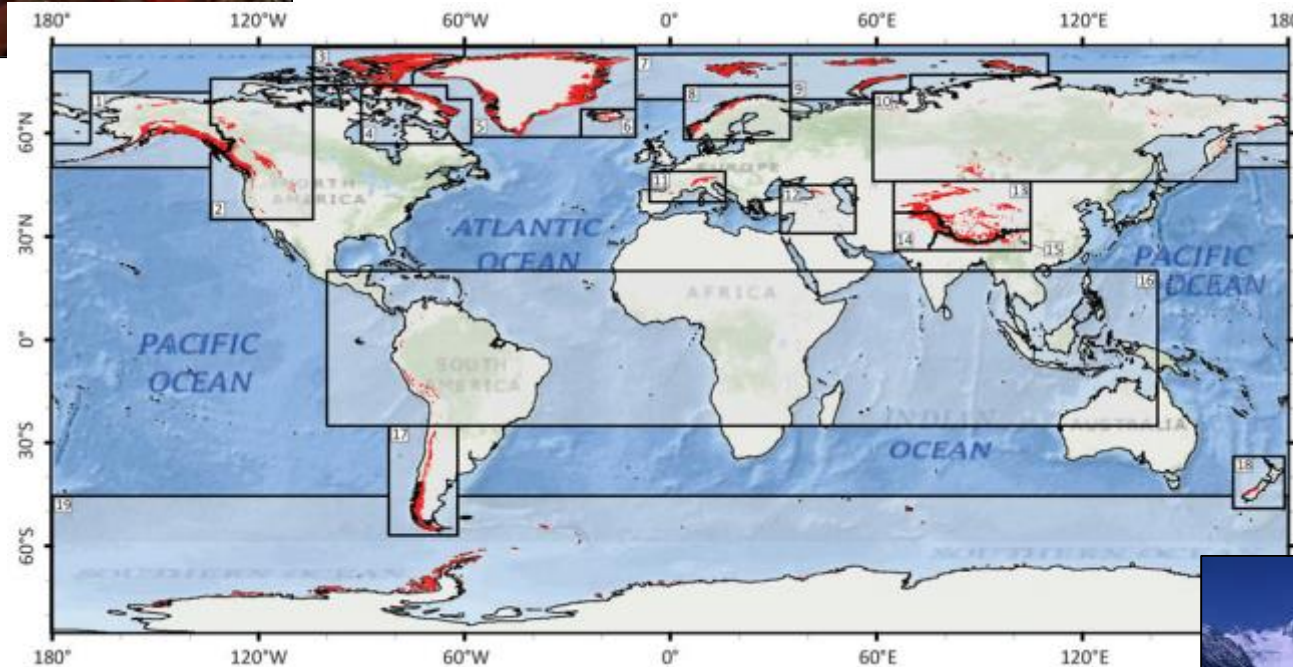
Glaciers around the globe



Icefields in Alaska



*Vatnajökull
(Iceland)*



Area = 700 000 km²

Mean thickness = ~150 m

Sea-level équivalent = 0.3 m

Number : >200 000?

Pfeffer et al., 2014

Mer de Glace



Accumulation area



Mass balance measurements in the field



Association Pyrénéenne de Glaciologie

Ablation area

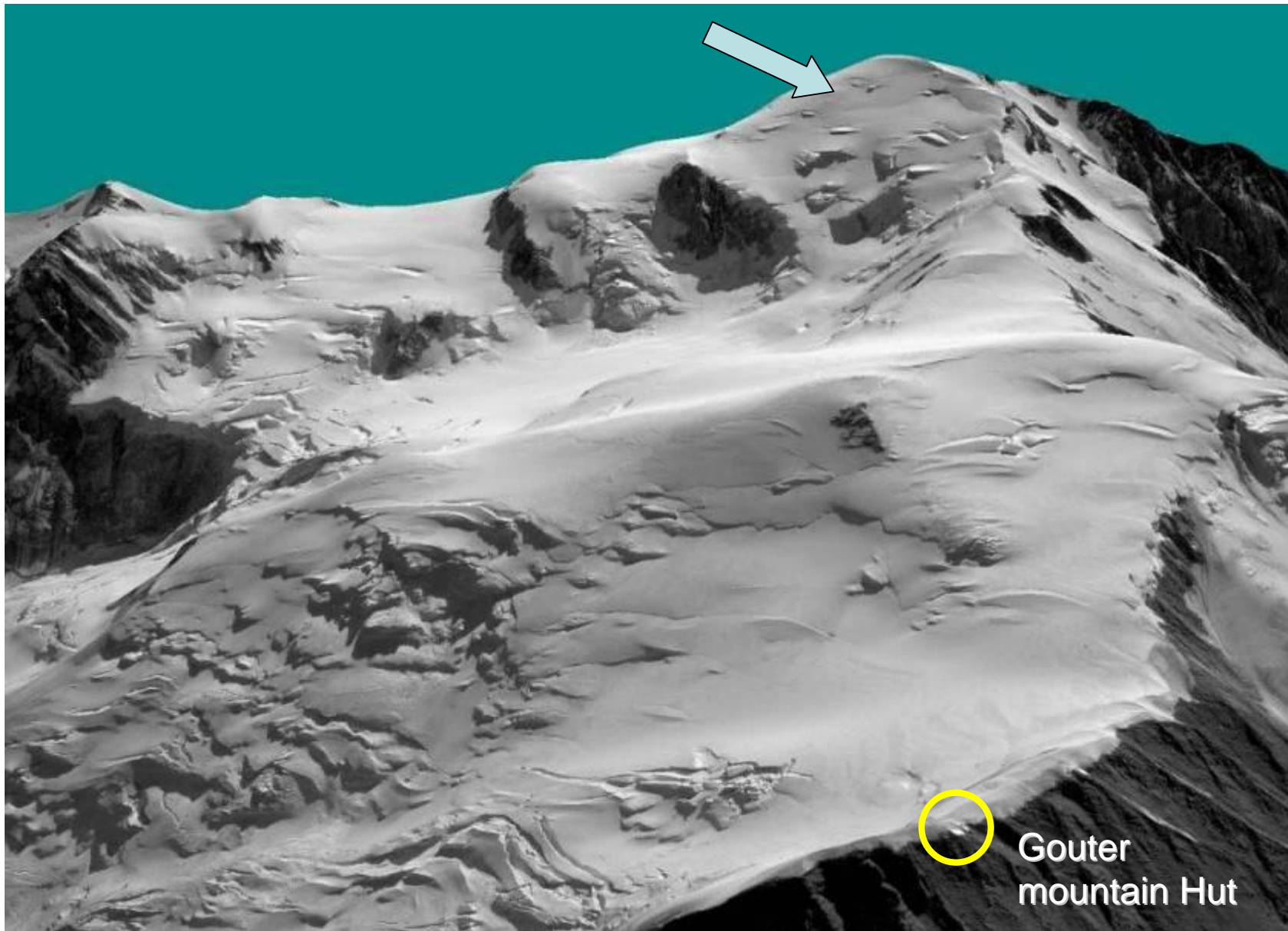


An aerial photograph of a vast, textured glacier landscape. The ice surface is uneven, with various ridges, depressions, and channels. The overall tone is a mix of light and dark grays, highlighting the complex topography of the ice. A white rectangular box with a thin black border is overlaid on the center of the image, containing the text of the outline.

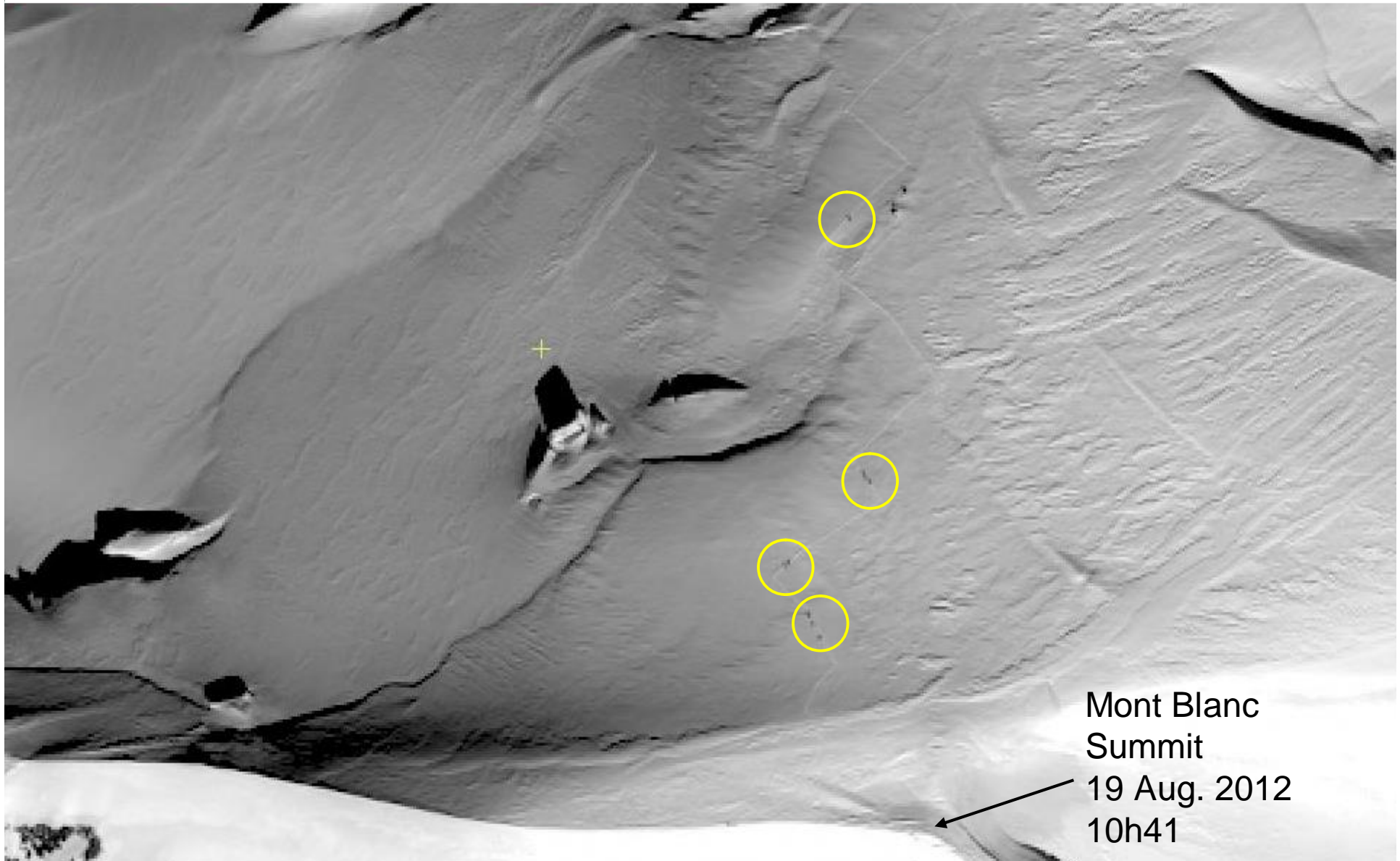
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High resolution optical images

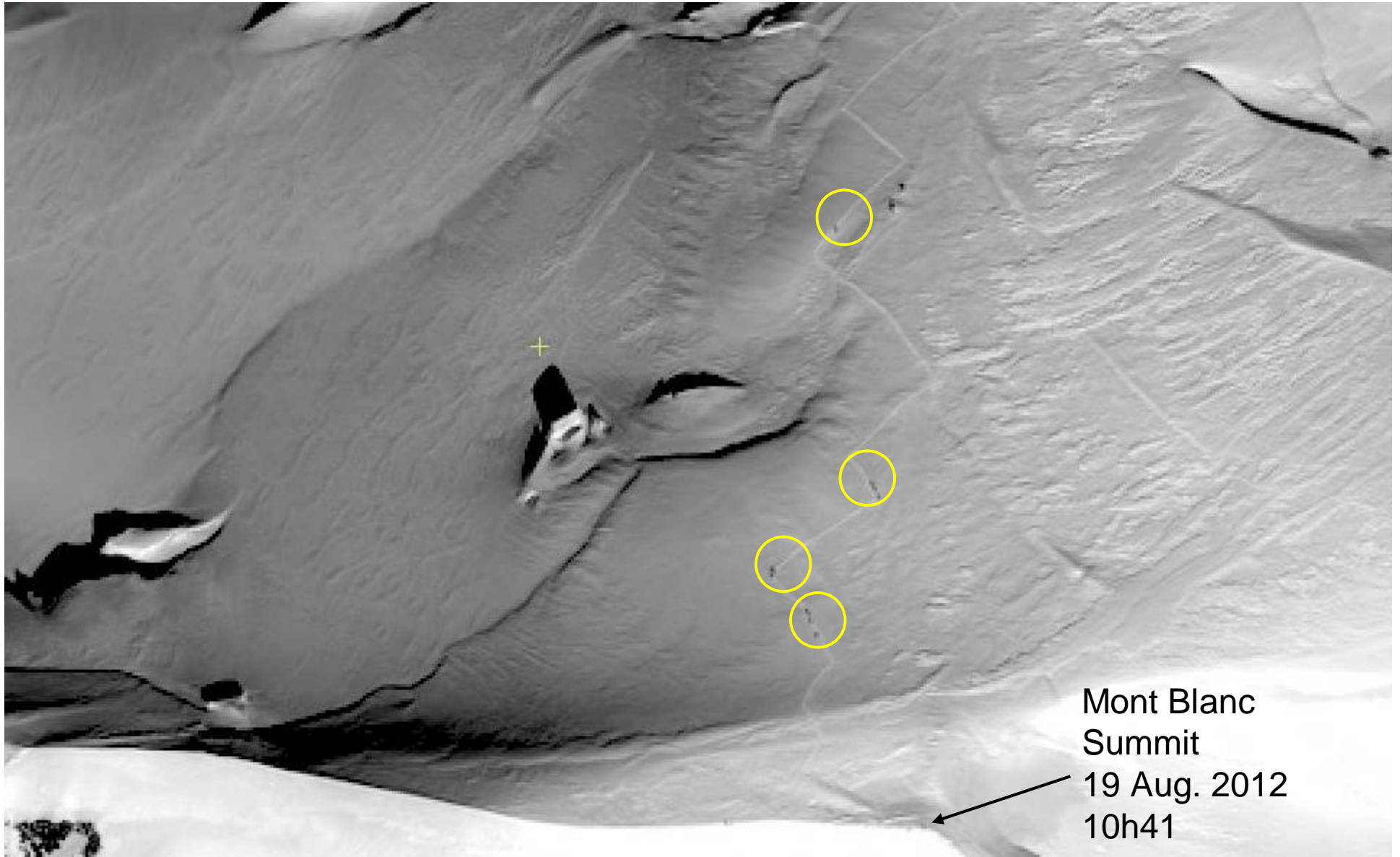


Images Pléiades RTU, © CNES 2012, Distribution ADS



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© CNES 2012, Distribution ADS

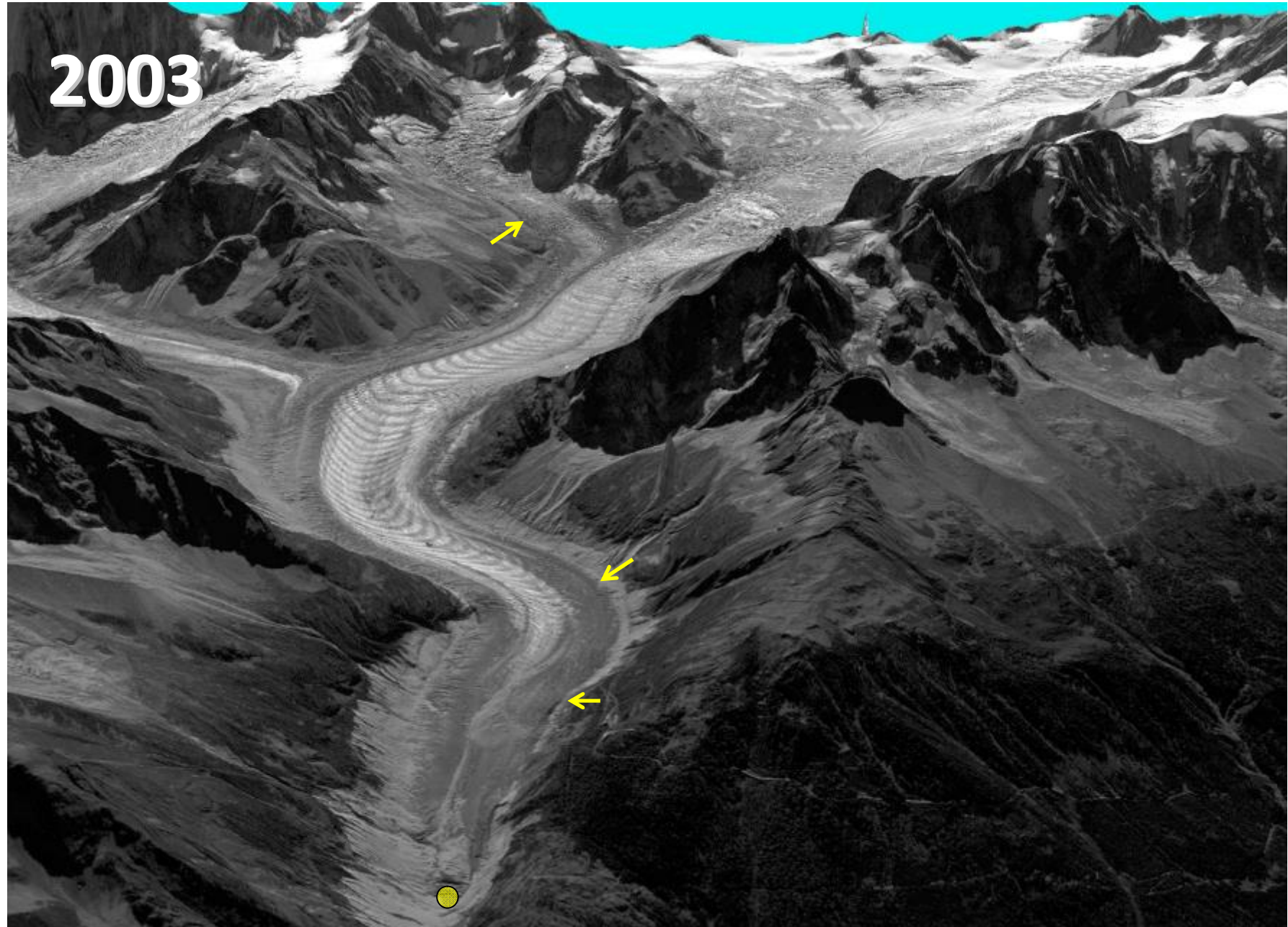


Mont Blanc
Summit
19 Aug. 2012
10h41

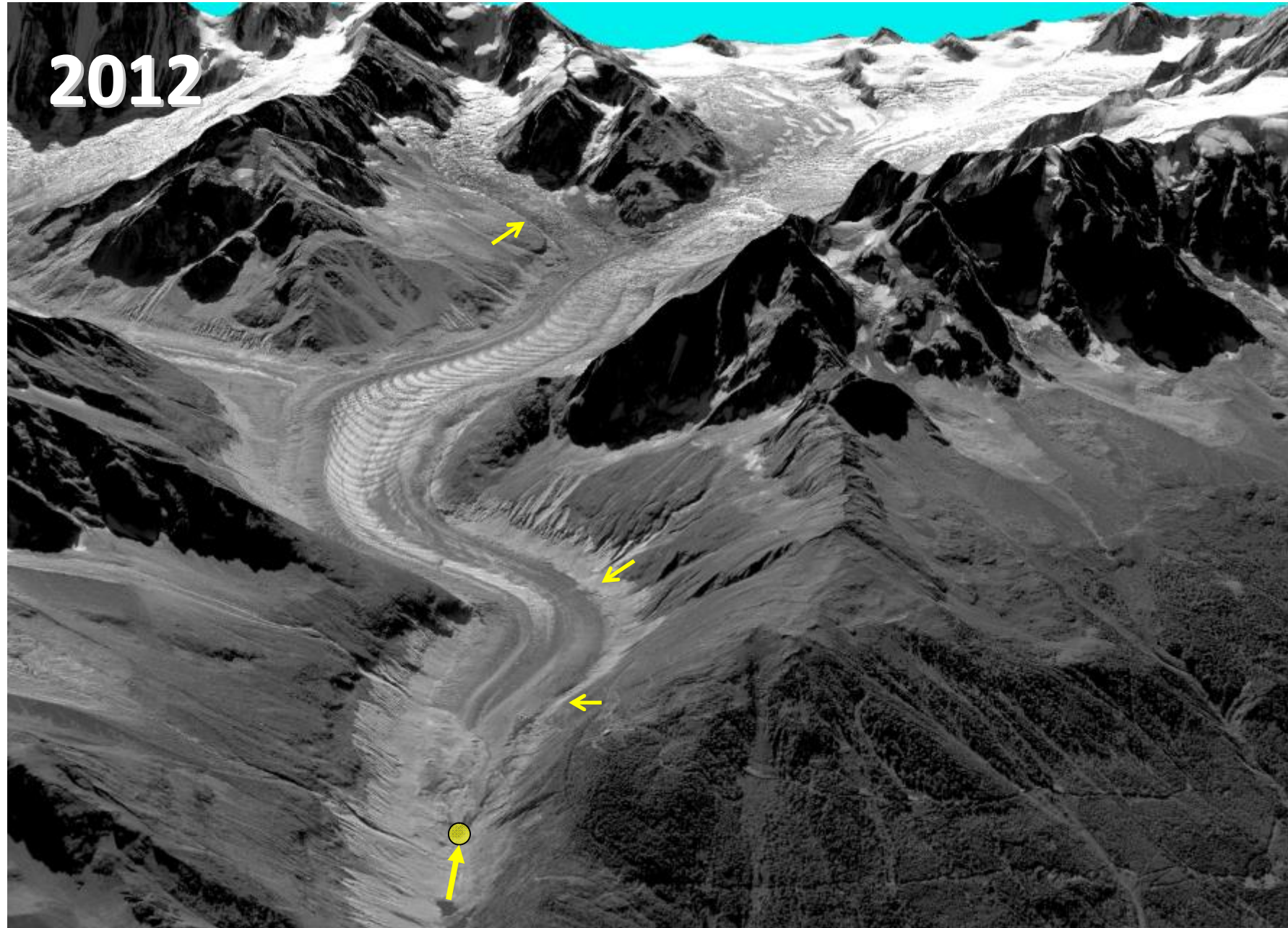
t + 27 sec

© CNES 2012, Distribution ADS

Mer de Glace in 2003 & 2012



Mer de Glace in 2003 & 2012

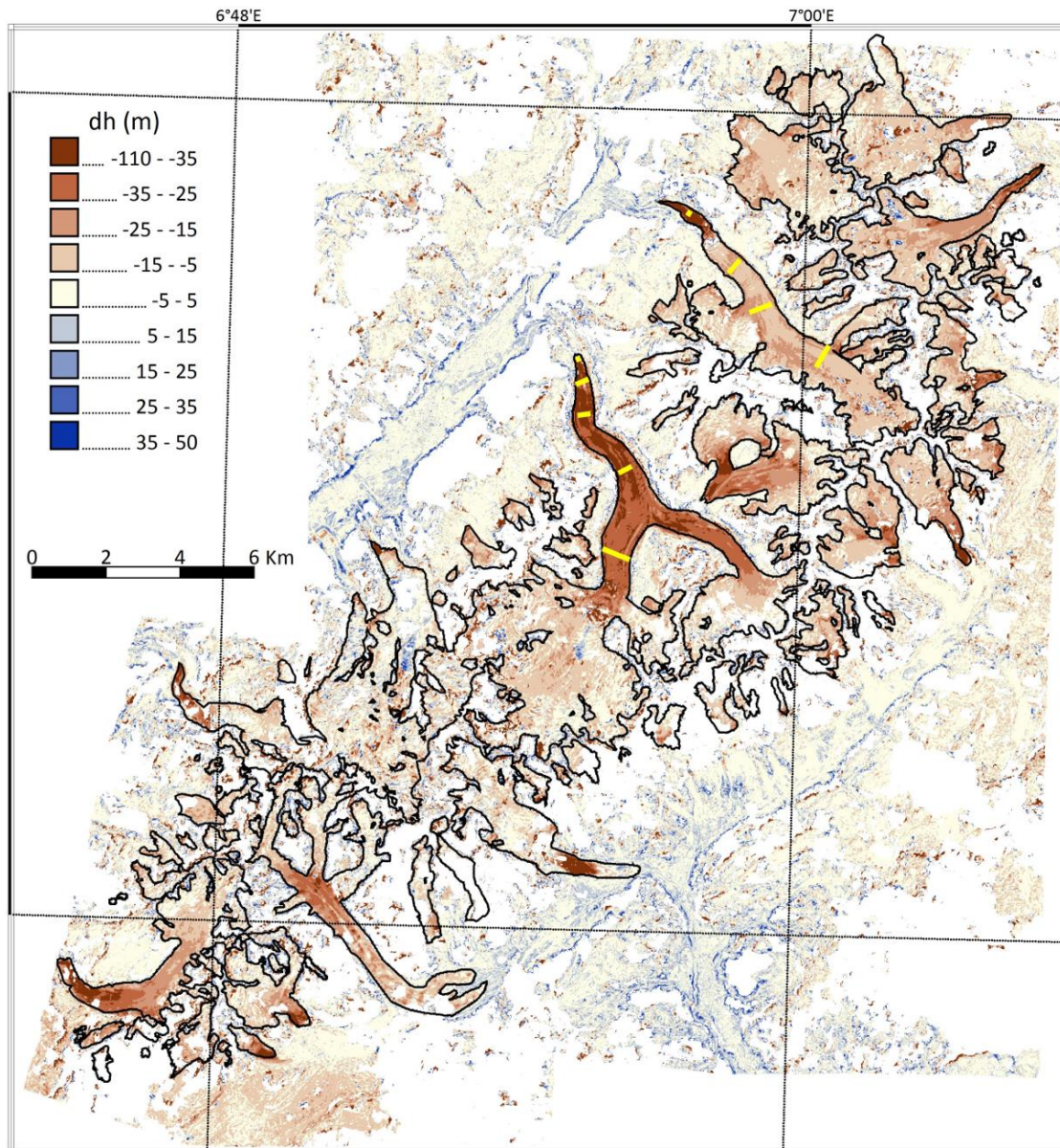


Validation using in situ data



Thickness change (m) along 8 profiles on Argentière Glacier and Mer de Glace between 2003 & 2012 from GPS and satellite data. $\mu = 0.3$ m; $\sigma = 1.3$; $N = 8$

Mass balance of Mont-Blanc glaciers



$$MB = \int_S \rho_i \frac{\partial h_i}{\partial t}$$

$-1.04 \pm 0.23 \text{ m w.e./a}$

The same technique works for seasonal snow pack monitoring

*Deschamps-Berger,
Gascoin et al., TC, 2020*

Elevation changes of glaciers in Mont-Blanc area between 2003 and 2012

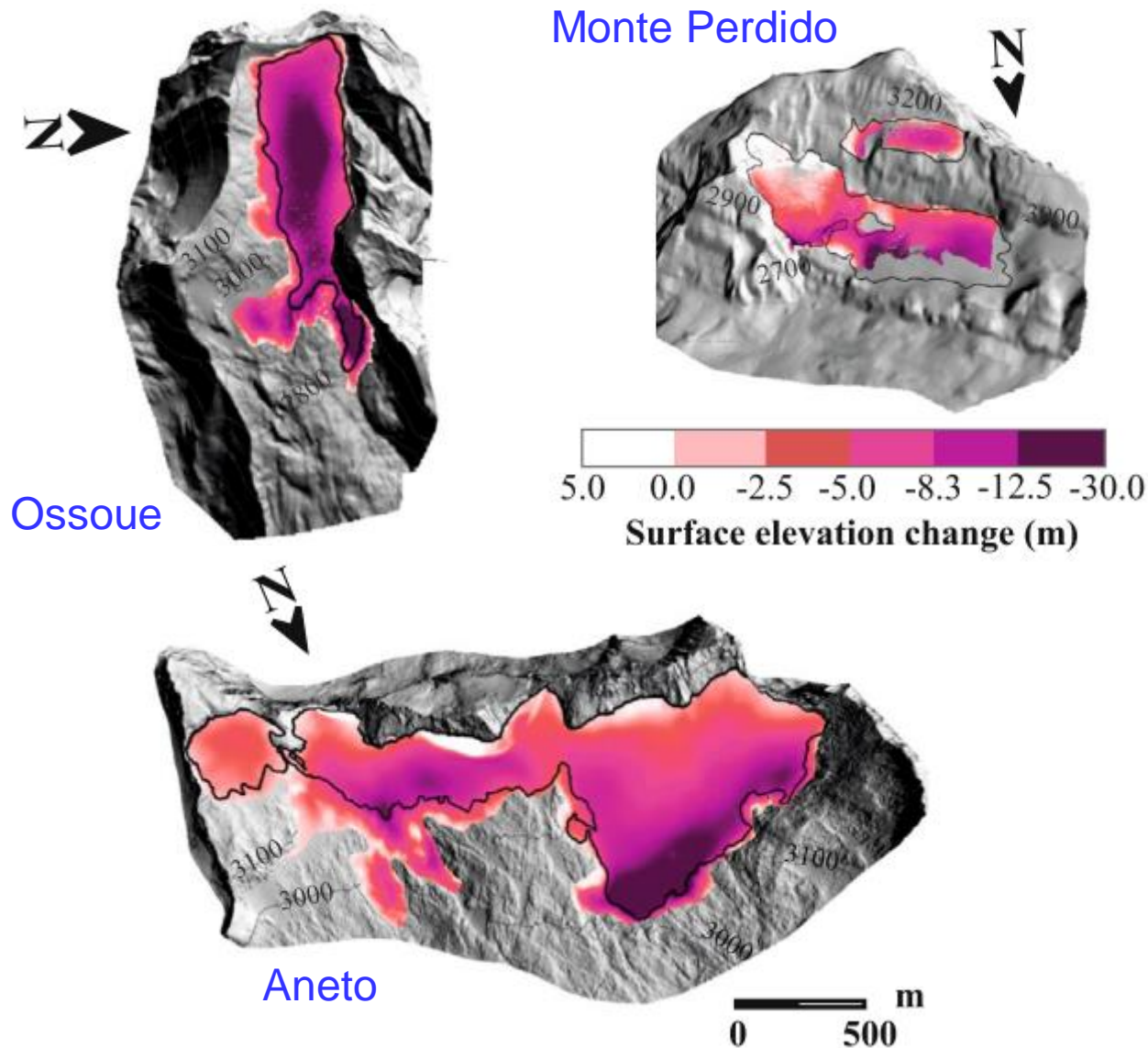
Berthier et al., TC, 2014

Mass balance of Pyrénéan glaciers



Instituto Pirenaico de Ecología

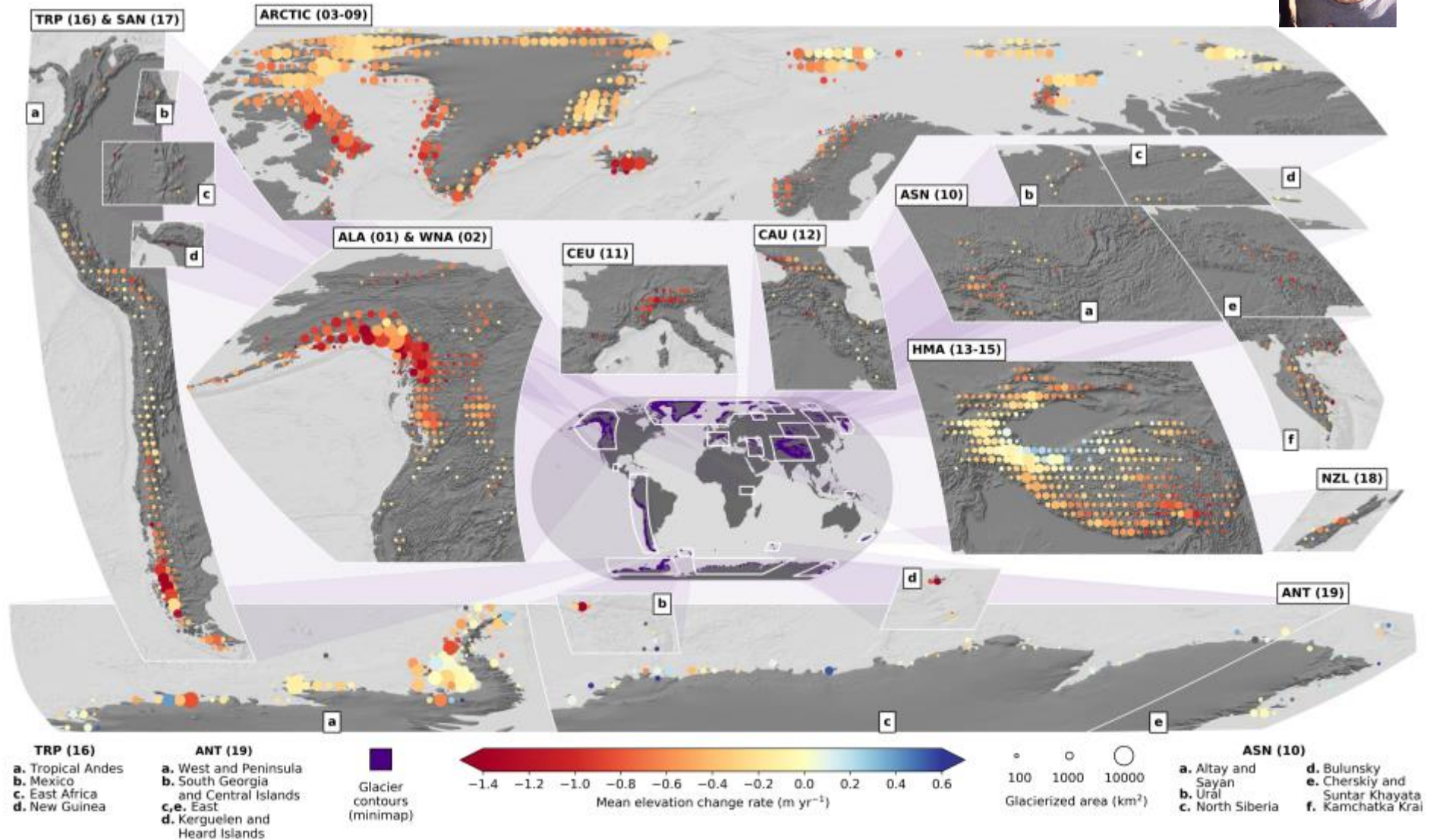
Vidaller, Revuelto et al., GRL, 2021



-0.59 m w.e./a

Elevation changes of the three largest Pyrénéan glaciers 2011-2020

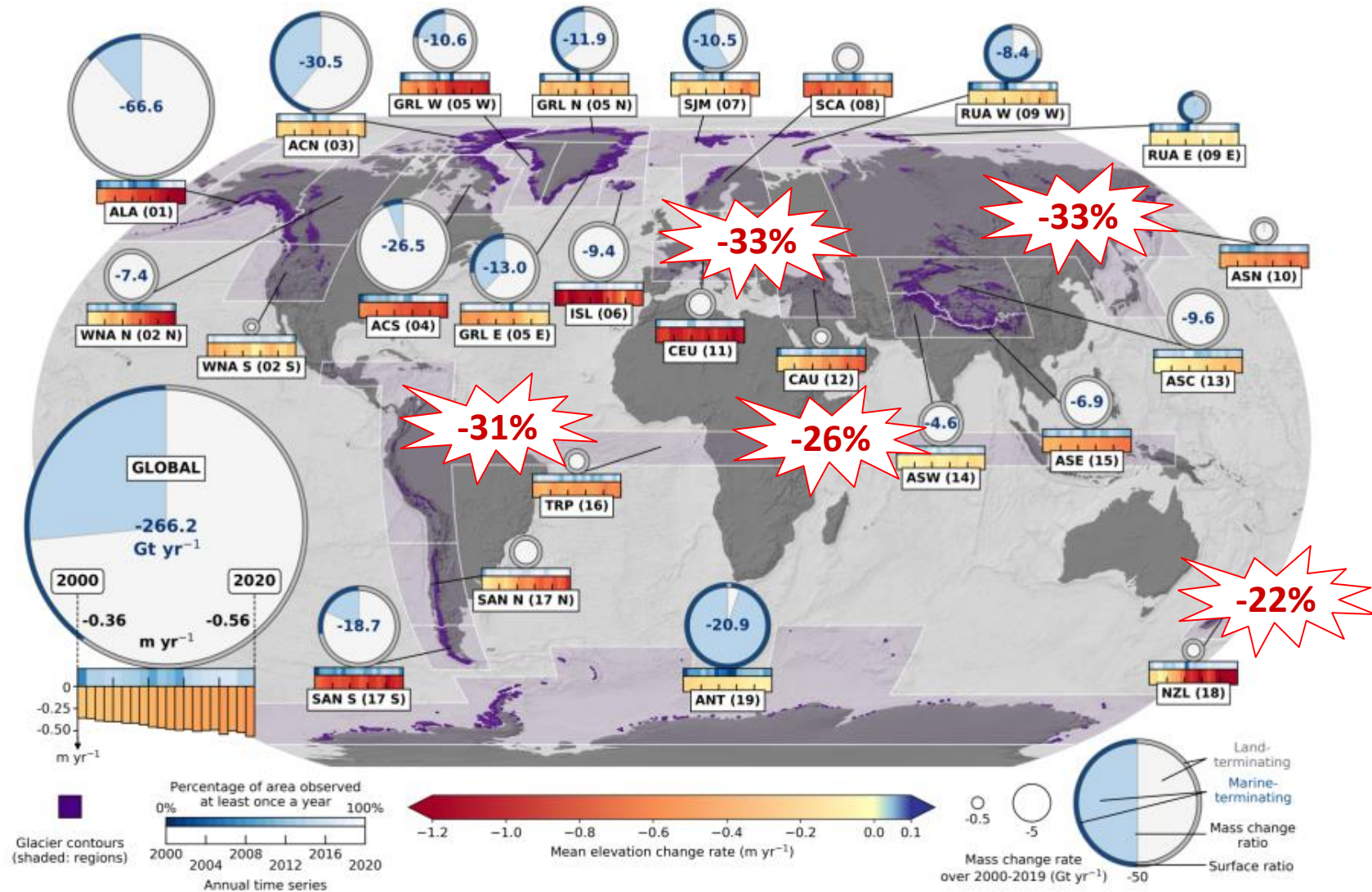
Global glacier change 2000-2019



Rate of elevation changes from 2000 to 2019 for all glaciers on Earth

Hugonnet et al., Nature, 2021

Global glacier mass loss 2000-2019, the big losers



Red : % of the total glacier volume that disappeared in 20 years

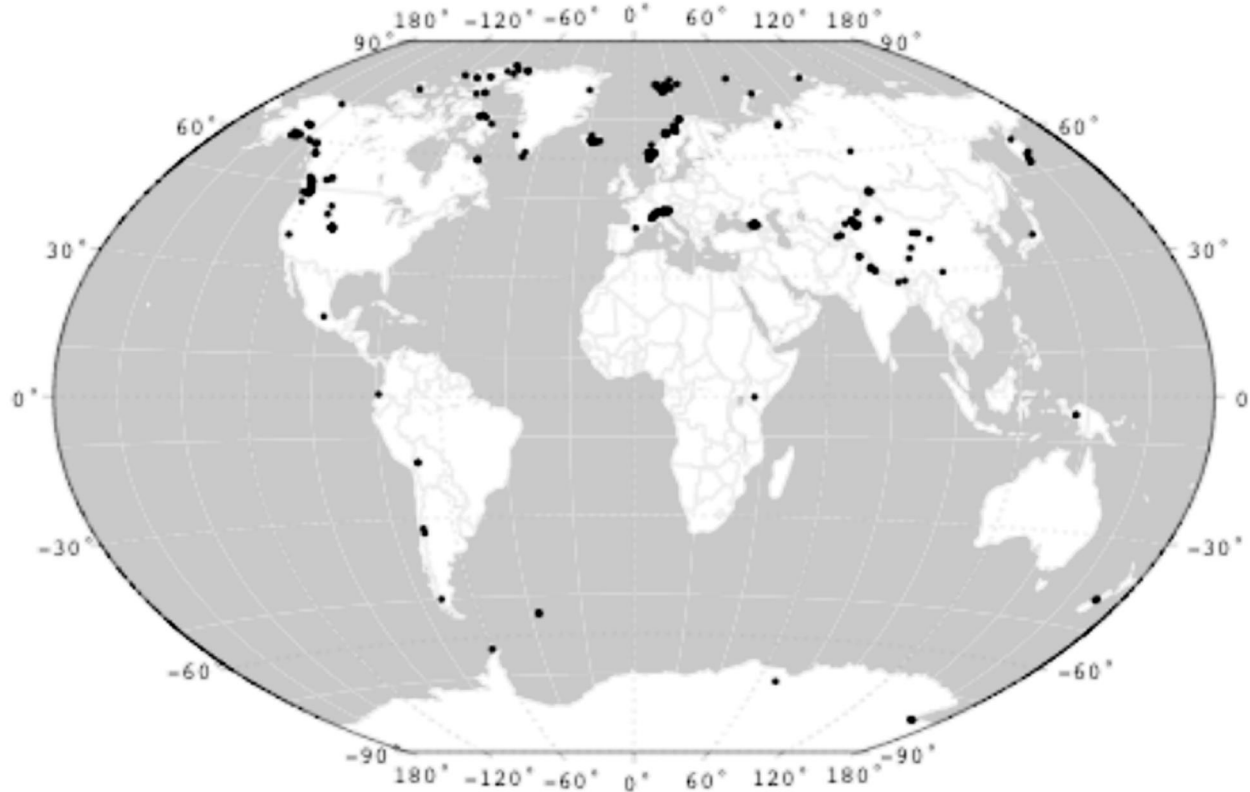
Hugonnet et al., 2021
Millan et al., 2022

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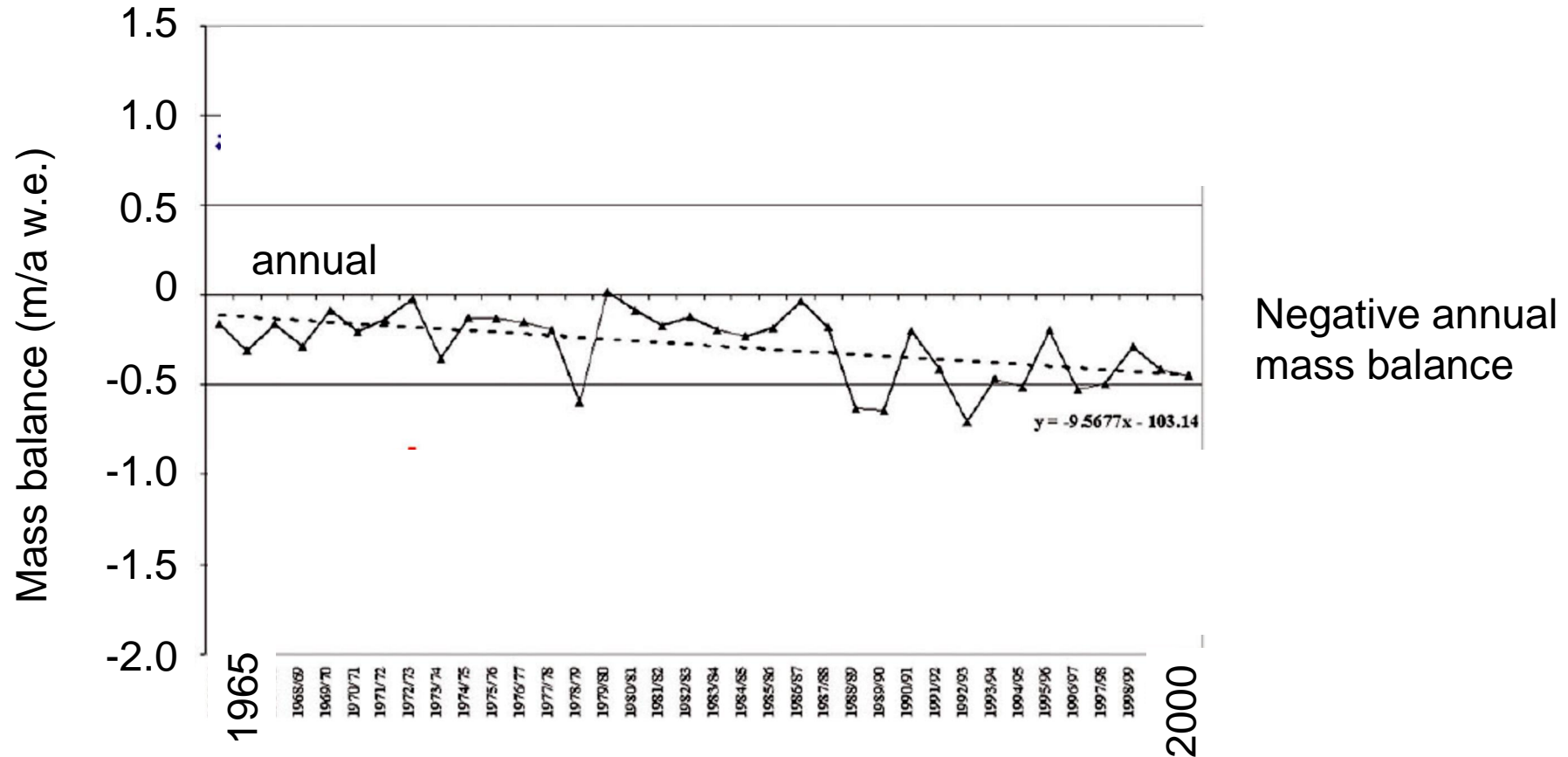
Causes of glacier mass loss



Location of glaciers where long term field measurements of the seasonal mass balance are available

Dyurgerov & Meier, 2006

Causes of glacier mass loss



Winter, Annual and Summer mass balance of 35 glaciers around the globe

Ohmura et al, 2006, 2011

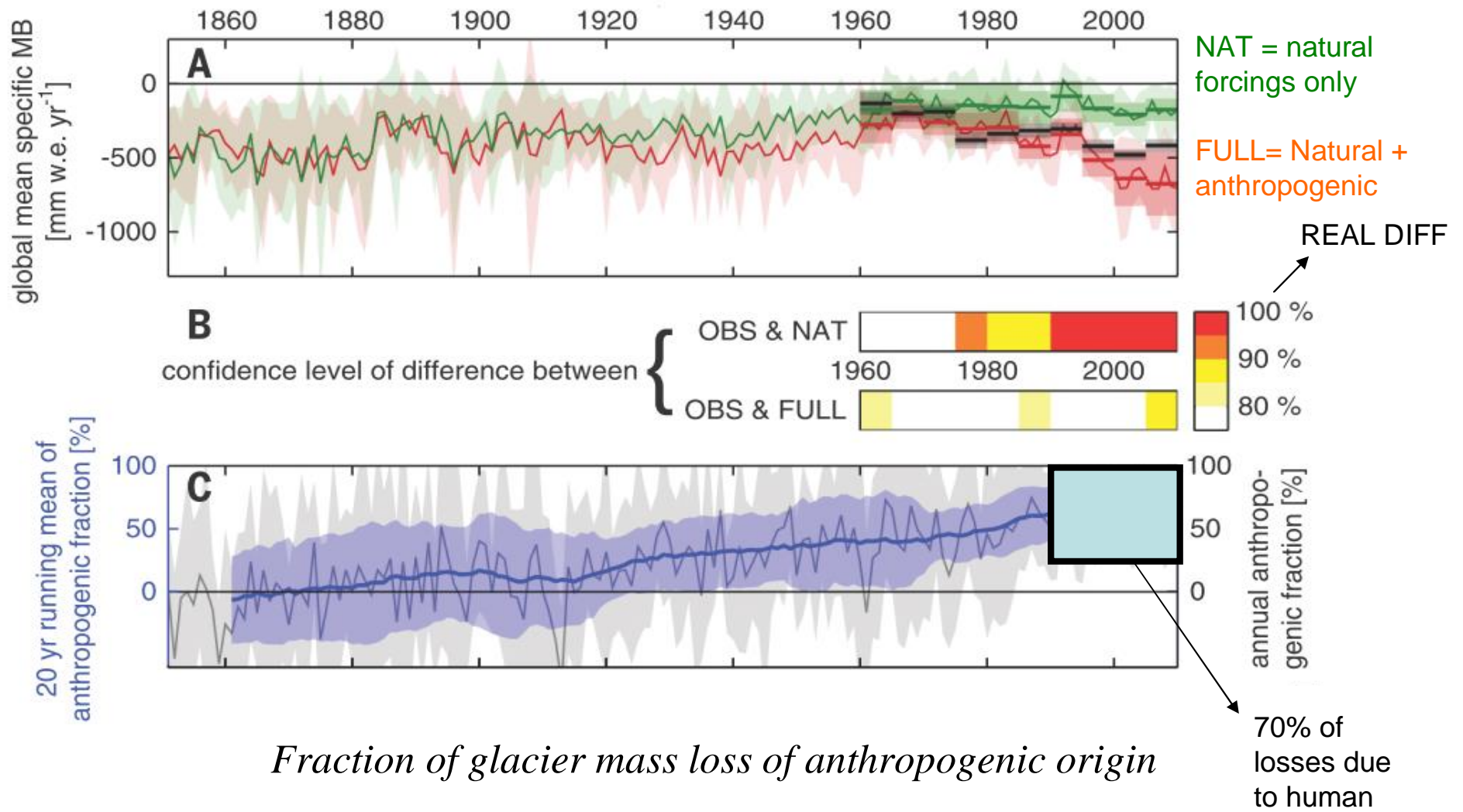
⇒ **Glacier mass loss are due to temperature increase not to changes in precipitation.**

Anthropogenic origin? Glaciers started to retreat before the sharp rise in green house gas emission



Moraine in Himalaya (Photo Jeff Kargel, Univ Arizona)

Role of the anthropogenic climate forcings in global glacier loss

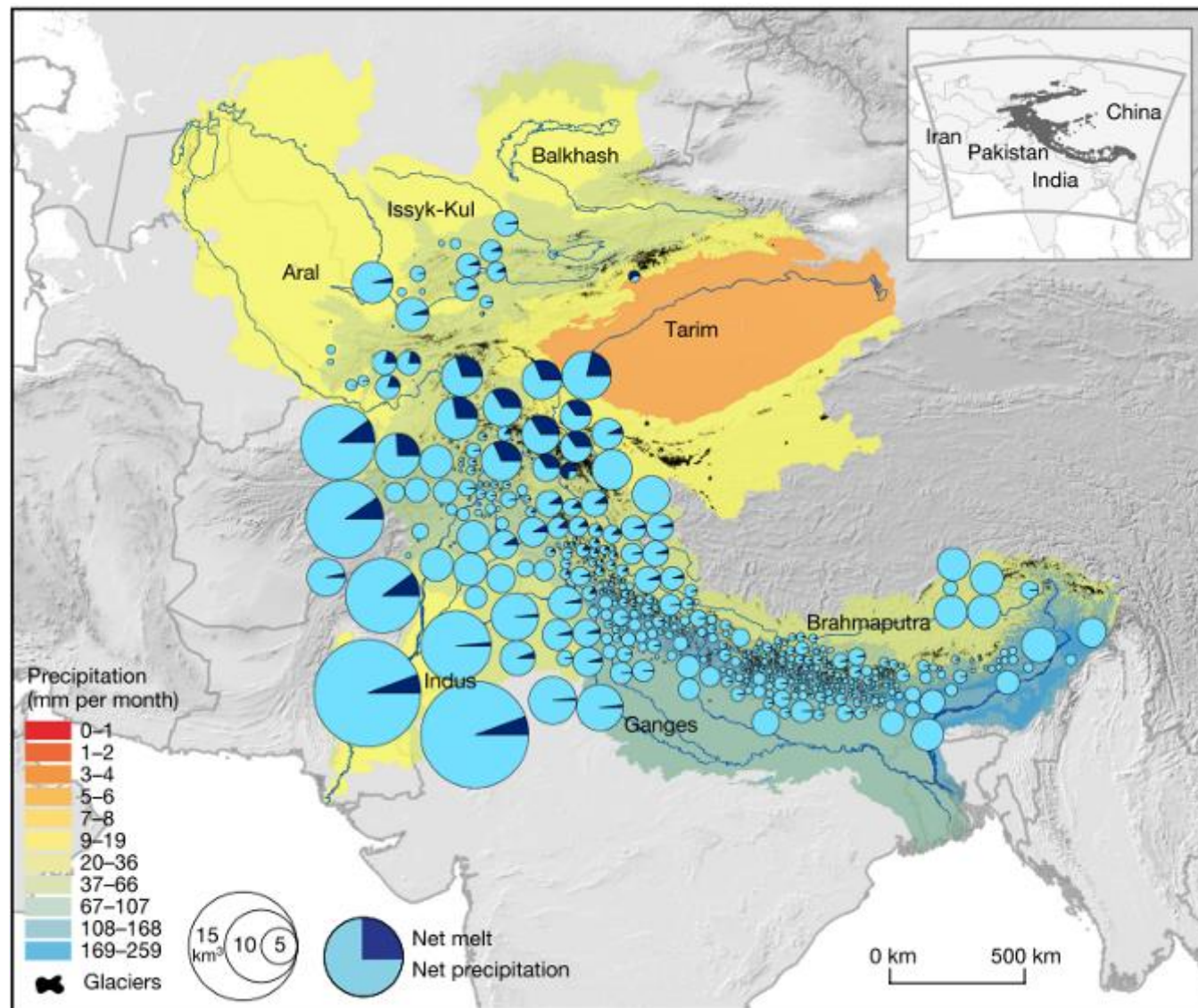


An aerial photograph of a vast, textured glacier landscape. The ice surface is marked with numerous crevasses and flow lines, creating a complex, undulating terrain. The lighting is soft, highlighting the subtle variations in the ice's color and texture. A white rectangular box with a thin black border is overlaid on the center of the image, containing the text of the outline.

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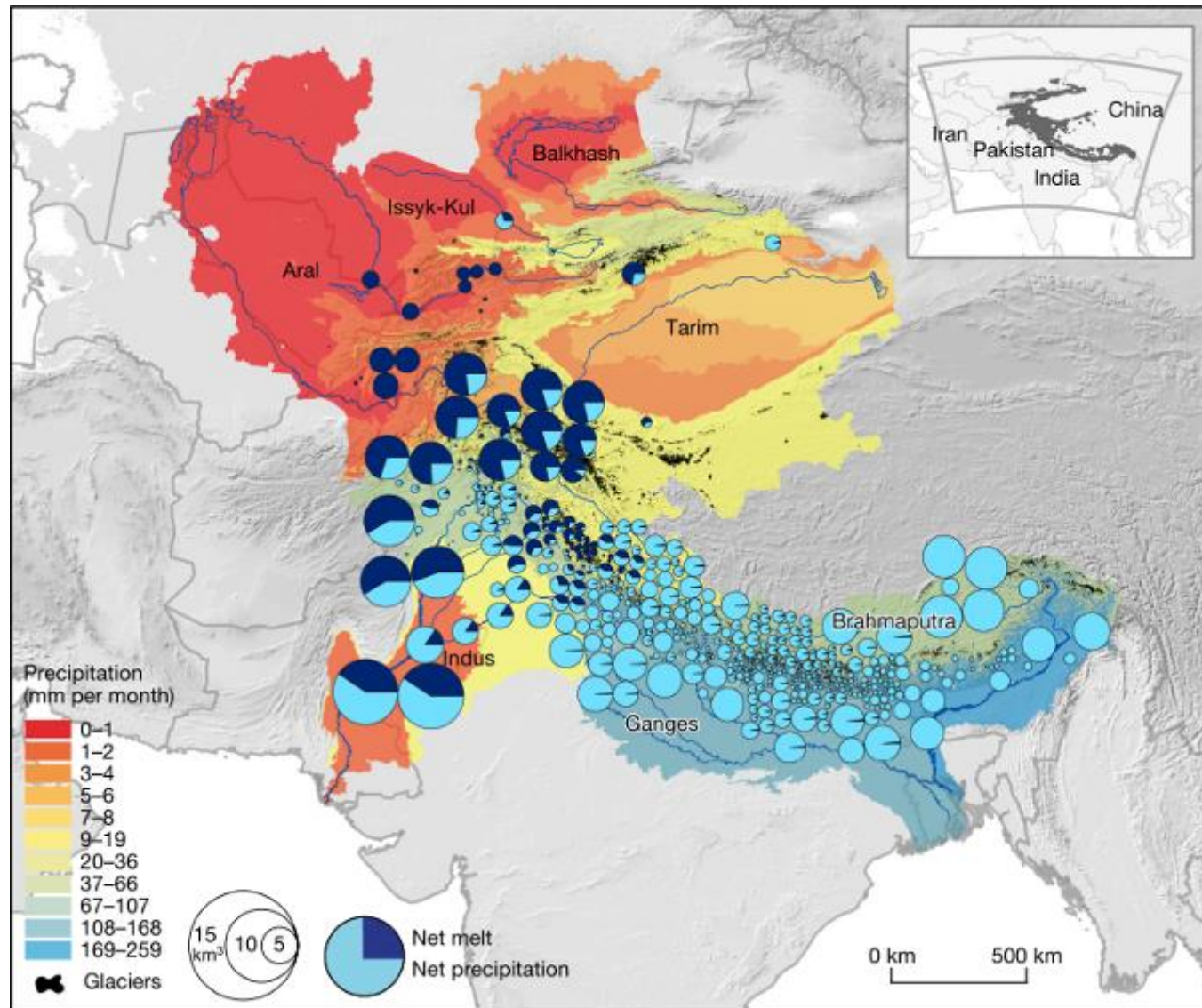
A naturel water tower for High Mountain Asia



Pritchard (2019)

Relative contribution of glacier melt and precipitation to river runoff for an average year

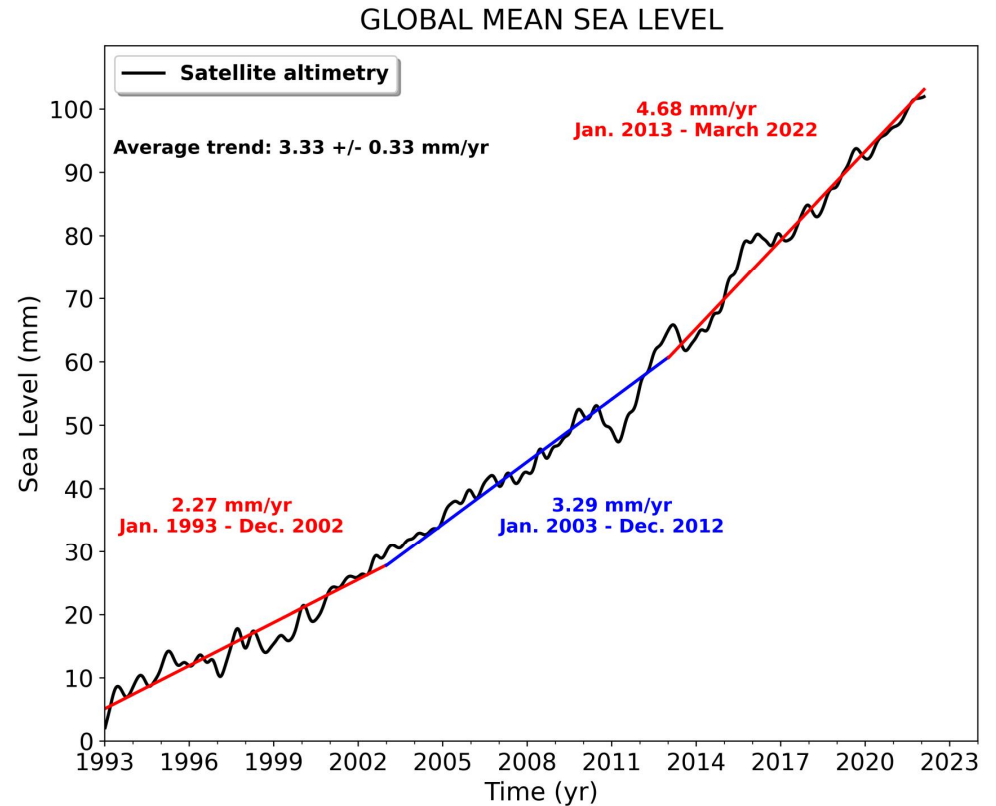
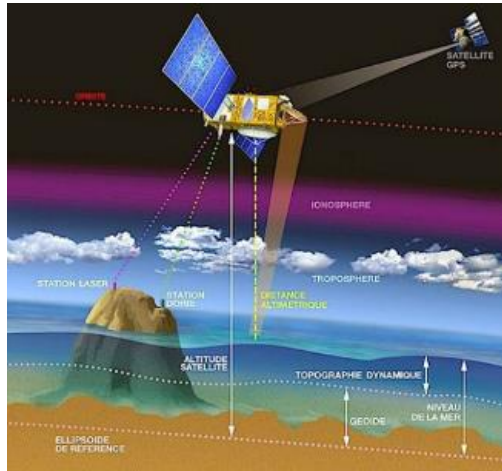
A naturel water tower for High Mountain Asia



Pritchard (2019)

*Relative contribution of glacier melt and precipitation to river runoff for
the driest month of a drought year*

Glacier contribute to sea-level rise



Observed rise	~3.64 mm/a
Thermal expansion	+1.19 mm/a
Ice sheets	+1.23 mm/a
Glaciers	+0.77 mm/a
Continental water	+0.40 mm/a

*Sea-level budget from
2003 to 2016*

